

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 21/07/2023 Version: 1.0

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

: Eni Rotra MP 80W-90 Trade name

Product code : 1275 Type of product : Lubricants Formula : 0116-2016 Product group : Trade product

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use

Used in closed systems

Use of the substance/mixture : Gearbox lubricant

Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Eni Sustainable Mobility S.p.A., Viale Giorgio Ribotta 51, 00144 Rom, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821, www.eni.com Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDS.ESM.info@eni.com

Distributed by: Enilive Schmiertechnik GmbH, Paradiesstraße 14, 97080 Würzburg, GERMANY, www.oilproducts.eni.com Department responsible for information: Application Engineering & Product Management (AEPM), Tel. +49 (0)931-900 98-0 e-mail: technik.wuerzburg@enilive.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency number** : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison Center

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 3 H412

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

CLP Signal word

Hazard statements (CLP) : H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to according to national or local regulations.

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

## 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII Contains no PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic(64742-65-0)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines(1213789-63-9)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605	

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (Main component, see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299- 27	60 – 70	Not classified
Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined, Baseoil - unspecified (Component, see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-01-4 EC-No.: 265-101-6 EC Index-No.: 649-459-00-4 REACH-no: 01-2119488707- 21	20 - 30	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-54-7 EC-No.: 265-157-1 EC Index-No.: 649-467-00-8 REACH-no: 01-2119484627- 25	0,04 – 0,12	Carc. 1B, H350

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl (Additive)	EC-No.: 701-175-2 REACH-no: 01-2119456798- 18	0,04 – 0,12	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500 mg/kg bodyweight) Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 (ATE=251 mg/kg bodyweight) Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 (ATE=0,05 mg/l/4h) Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (Additive)	CAS-No.: 1213789-63-9 EC-No.: 627-034-4 EC Index-No.: N/A REACH-no: 01-2119473797- 19	0,04 – 0,12	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=1689 mg/kg bodyweight) Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)

Notes

: [\*] Note: this product may be formulated with one or more of the following severely refined mineral base oils (not classified as hazardous):

CAS 64742-54-7/EC 265-157-1/REACH Reg. # 01-2119484627-25-xxxx; CAS 64742-65-0/EC 265-169-7/REACH Reg. # 01-2119471299-27-xxxx; CAS 64742-70-7/EC 265-174-4/REACH Reg. # 01-2119487080-42-xxxx; CAS 64742-56-9/EC 2265-159-2/ REACH Reg. # 01-2119480132-48-xxxx.

All these substances have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Note [\*\*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of dust, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice.

21/07/2023 (Revision date) EU - en 3/23

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. Keep at rest. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

: Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

: Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and gastric disturbances.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration

: No information available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

**Explosion hazard** 

In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m³ air.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Shut off source of product, if possible. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

: Wear personal protection equipment. (see chapter 8). EN 443. EN 469. EN 659. In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Other information

: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

21/07/2023 (Revision date) FU - en 4/23

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: See Section 8.

**Emergency procedures** 

Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heatresistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures

: If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents. Recover free liquid in suitable containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. During transfer operations, ensure that all equipment and containers are correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Handling temperature

: This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.

21/07/2023 (Revision date) EU - en 5/23

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Hydiene	measures

: Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products

: Keep away from strong oxidizers.

Storage temperature

Packaging materials

Storage area

: This product can be stored at ambient temperatures.

: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with

the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped

and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Packages and containers: : If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled.

: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer, according to the specific

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

use conditions.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

## 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

21/07/2023 (Revision date) EU - en 6/23

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)

Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits			
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		

#### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

## 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Eni Rotra MP 80W-90		
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,97 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,73 mg/m³	

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Distillates (netroloum) solvent dewayed heav	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,58 mg/m³		
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	Ta=1		
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
PNEC (Oral)			
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food		
PNEC (additional information)			
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment		
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl			
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)			
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	12,5 mg/m³		
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	12,1 mg/m³		
DNEL/DMEL (General population)			
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,35 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,5 mg/m³		
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1,2 mg/m³		
PNEC (Water)			
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0,001 mg/l		
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0,0001 mg/l		
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	0,004 mg/l		
PNEC (Sediment)			
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	2,14 mg/kg dwt		
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0,214 mg/kg dwt		
PNEC (Soil)			
PNEC soil	0,428 mg/kg dwt		
PNEC (Oral)			
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	4,71 mg/kg food		
PNEC (STP)			
PNEC sewage treatment plant	0,635 mg/l		
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated	urated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)			
Acute - local effects, inhalation	1 mg/m³		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,09 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0,38 mg/m³		
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1 mg/m³		
DNEL/DMEL (General population)			
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	40 μg/kg bodyweight/day		
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0,035 mg/m³		
	I		

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0,26 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0,026 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	1,6 µg/l	
PNEC (Sediment)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	3,76 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0,376 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Soil)		
PNEC soil	10 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	0,22 mg/kg food	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	550 μg/l	
Note	: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived	

The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. See also Section 16, "Other information".

### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

## Personal protective equipment symbol(s):











### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

#### Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols (P). In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with a filter for organic vapours (A), and H2S (B) where applicable. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145)

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Onsite wastewater treatment required. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: LiquidColour: Yellow-brown.Appearance: Liquid, bright & clear.Molecular mass: Not applicable for mixturesOdour: Slight odour of petroleum.

Odour threshold : Not determined

Melting point : -27 °C (pour point) (ASTM D 97)

Freezing point : Not determined

Boiling point : 200 °C (ASTM D 1160)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not flammable

Explosive properties Not explosive. Oxidising properties : Not oxidising. **Explosive limits** : ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol) Lower explosion limit : Not determined Upper explosion limit : Not determined Flash point : 175 °C (ASTM D 93) Auto-ignition temperature : 300 °C (DIN 51794) Decomposition temperature : Not determined : Not determined

Viscosity, kinematic: 12,5 - 16,3 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Viscosity, dynamic : Not determined

Solubility : Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures
Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures

Vapour pressure : 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)

Vapour pressure at 50°C : Not determined

Critical pressure : Not applicable for mixtures

Density : 905 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Relative density : Not determined Relative vapour density at 20°C : Not determined Particle characteristics : Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits : ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol)

Critical temperature : Not applicable for mixtures

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : Negligible.

Additional information : No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) or alkali metals may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce: Toxic fumes. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

# Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0) LD50 oral rat > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having

Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)

carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated he	eavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons
	on with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having
	range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	
LD50 oral rat	612 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	251 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal
	Toxicity), 95% CL: 190 - 322
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	1,19 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and	l unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)
LD50 oral rat	1689 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	2000 mg/kg bodyweight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	pH: Not determined : (according to composition)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxe	ed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)
рН	Not applicable
(19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively	large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)  Not applicable
<u>'</u>	I unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)
pH	11,7 Temp.: 20 °C
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
	pH: Not determined
Additional information	: (according to composition)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxe	
pH	Not applicable
obtained by treating a petroleum fraction	eavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons on with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F
	large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)
рН	Not applicable
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)	
рН	11,7 Temp.: 20 °C
Respiratory or skin sensitisation Additional information	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)     (provided by the supplier)     This product contains: Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl     This product is formulated with a component containing one or more sensitizers. According to information provided by the supplier, test results on a similar formulation show that the finished product does not need to be classified as sensitizing.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Additional information : Carcinogenicity : Additional information :	(according to composition)  Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)  All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)  This product contains also the following substances: Residual oils (petroleum) solvent-refined; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers	
Reproductive toxicity :	predominantly higher than C25 and boiling above approximately 400°C (752°F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.  Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information : STOT-single exposure :	(according to composition)  Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	(according to composition)	
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsat		
STOT remarked averages	May cause respiratory irritation.	
	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	vy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	20 mg/kg bodyweight/day (21-28d) (OECD 410)	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	19 mg/m³ (28d) (OECD 412)	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	3,25 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard : Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
Eni Rotra MP 80W-90		
Viscosity, kinematic	14 – 15 mm²/s Viscosity, kinematic: 12,5 - 16,3 mm2/s (100 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
21/07/2022 (Payinian data)	Ell on 12/02	

13/23 21/07/2023 (Revision date) EU - en

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Viscosity, kinematic	91 – 99 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl		
Viscosity, kinematic	≈ 3,44 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
Viscosity, kinematic	5,245 mm²/s	

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

#### 11.2.2. Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms
Other information

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation, Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist

: None

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	<ul> <li>An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers).</li> <li>Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.</li> </ul>
Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute)	: Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic)	: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)

LC50 fish 1 > 100	ng/l (LL 50)

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)

(1905) at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl		
LC50 fish 1	1,3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0,24 – 6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0,44 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	
NOEC chronic fish	0,078 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '96 d'	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
LC50 fish 1	0,84 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)	
LC50 fish 2	4,21 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0,32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 Daphnia 2	0,98 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0,46 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	0,38 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
LOEC (chronic)	0,032 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
NOEC (chronic)	0,013 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
NOEC chronic crustacea	0,013 mg/l (21d)	
NOEC chronic algae	0,01 mg/l (3d)	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2. I erostence and degradability	
Eni Rotra MP 80W-90	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.	
Biodegradation	21,8 % (28d) (OECD 301D)	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.	
Biodegradation	66 % (28d) (OECD 301B)	

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eni Rotra MP 80W-90		
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
BCF fish 1	0,4 – 6280 l/kg	
BCF fish 2	3,16 – 71100 l/kg	
Log Pow	1,99 – 18,02	
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)	
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl		
Log Pow	2,9	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low bioaccumulation potential.	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)		
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	> 500	
Log Kow	4,33	

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Eni Rotra MP 80W-90		
Mobility in soil	Not determined	
Ecology - soil	No data available.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Log Koc	1,71 – 14,7	
Ecology - soil	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni Rotra MP 80W-90		
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Component		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines (1213789-63-9)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Additional information

- : None.
- This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods

: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by dumping on the ground, or discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.

Sewage disposal recommendations

: Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05\* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information

: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, bore, burn or incinerate emptied containers, unless they have been cleaned and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials

: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

EURAL code (EWC)

: 13 02 05\* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID	
14.1. UN number or ID n	14.1. UN number or ID number				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.2. UN proper shipping name					
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)					
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
None.				

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : None.

#### **Overland transport**

Not regulated

## Transport by sea

Not regulated

### Air transport

Not regulated

## Inland waterway transport

Not regulated

### Rail transport

Not regulated

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

#### **REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)**

EU restriction list	(REACH Annex XVII)	
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
28.	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	Substances which are classified as carcinogen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 1 or Appendix 2, respectively.
3(b)	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil—unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]; Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl; C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10
3(c)	Eni Rotra MP 80W-90; Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl; C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### **REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

#### **REACH Candidate List (SVHC)**

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

#### **PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

#### **POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

#### Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

#### **Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

#### **Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

#### France

Maladies professionelles (F)		
	Code	Description
	RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin

#### Germany

Employment restrictions	: Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according
EIIDIOVITIETILIESUICIONS	. Employment promptions of restrictions on the protection of vourid become at work according

to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

National Rules and Recommendations TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits.

TRGS 800: Fire protection measures.

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers.

TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure.

TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures.

TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances.

VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1). WGK remark

: Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS).

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 10 - Combustible liquids.

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

**Netherlands** 

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen -Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

21/07/2023 (Revision date) FU - en 20/23

: None of the components are listed

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

#### **Denmark**

**Danish National Regulations** 

: Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it The requirements from the Danish Working Environment Authorities regarding work with carcinogens must be followed during use and disposal

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::

Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined, Baseoil - unspecified

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]

Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl

C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

	Indication of changes			
,	Section	Changed item	Change	Notes
		First issue.		

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.	
	N/D = not available	
	N/A = not applicable	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level	
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)	
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)	
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

Data sources

Training advice

Other information

- : This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
- : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.
- Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

Full text of H- and EUF	Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2	
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 1	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, Category 1B	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H330	Fatal if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H350	May cause cancer.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B	
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin sensitisation, category 1A	
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	

Classification and pro	cedure used to derive th	ne classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.