

## Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 12/09/2022 Supersedes: 11/05/2016 Version: 3.0

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T

Product code : 1522
Formula : 0008-2016
Product group : Trade product

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use

Use of the substance/mixture : Lubricant for two-stroke engines

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Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Eni S.p.A., P.le E. Mattei 1, 00144 Rom, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821, www.eni.com Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com

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#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):

National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)

(+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect.

## 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements : EUH208 - Contains reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-

propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide tri-calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenyl-

phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

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# 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See Section 16. Any material in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Component	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
Component	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic(64742-65-0)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic(64742-65-0)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

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#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (see note [**])	(CAS-No.) 64742-65-0 (EC-No.) 265-169-7 (EC Index-No.) 649-474-00-6 (REACH-no) 01-2119471299-27	30 – 35	Not classified
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (DE)	(EC-No.) 926-141-6 (EC Index-No.) N/A (REACH-no) 01-2119456620-43	15 – 20	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (see note [**])	(CAS-No.) 64742-65-0 (EC-No.) 265-169-7 (EC Index-No.) 649-474-00-6 (REACH-no) 01-2119471299-27	10 – 15	Not classified
Mineral base oil, severely refined (see note [*])	(EC-No.) N/A	1,25 – 1,375	Not classified
reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra- propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide tri- calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra- propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenyl- phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]	(CAS-No.) N/D (EC-No.) 420-470-4 (EC Index-No.) 020-003-00-0 (REACH-no) 01-0000016710-77	0,125 – 0,25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317

Notes

: [\*] Note: this product contains small amounts of severely refined mineral base oil (not classified as hazardous): CAS 101316-72-7/EC 309-877-7/REACH Reg. # 01-2119489969-06-0000.

This substance has a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Note [\*\*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

First-aid measures after skin contact

First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

- : In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the lungs.
- : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice.
- : Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.
- : Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is inconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms / injuries (general indications) : Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to

a defatting effect.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambi

mptoms/effects after inhalation : This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases

overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to

a defatting effect.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause irritation, nausea and

gastric disturbances. Taking into account the taste of the product, however, ingestion of

dangerous quantites is very unlikely.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration : No information available.

Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide). The casualty should be sent immediately to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or

water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other

extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use

of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable

vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Explosion hazard : In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account

that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m3 of air.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use

water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be

controlled, evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). Self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Other information : In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect

separately and use a proper treatment.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid direct contact with released material. Avoid

accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Keep upwind.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : See Section 8.

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**Emergency procedures** 

: Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX) (and when applicable for H2S (B)), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

**Emergency procedures** 

: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit fire risk. Do not use direct jets. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Water: In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other suitable mechanical means. Collect recovered product and other materials in suitable tanks or containers for recovery or safe disposal. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

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#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. During transfer and mixing operations, ensure that all equipment is correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Handling temperature

Hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products

: Keep away from: strong oxidants.

Storage temperature

Storage area

: 0 - 55 °C

0 - 65 °C

: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Packages and containers:

: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

Packaging materials

For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Mineral base oil, severely refined		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

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Mineral base oil, severely refined			
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits			
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits			
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900)	
AGW (OEL TWA) [1]	350 mg/m³
AGW (OEL TWA) [2]	50 ppm
Limitation of exposure peaks (mg/m³)	700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Limitation of exposure peaks (ppm)	100 ppm
Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA) [1]	350 mg/m³
VLE [mg/m³]	700 mg/m³

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil—unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0) **Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits** MAK (OEL TWA) 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) **Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits** 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) **OEL TWA Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits** OEL TWA [1] 1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) **OEL STEL** 2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) **Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits** AK (OEL TWA) 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) **Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits** MAC TGG 8h (mg/m3) 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) **Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits** VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1] 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)		
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
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VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

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#### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

## 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information Not applicable	

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

tinished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 505 at 100 °F (1905t at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,73 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,58 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,73 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,58 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food

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PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment

Note

: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Gloves. Safety glasses.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):





#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant.

#### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard.

#### Other skin protection

#### Materials for protective clothing:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

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#### Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols. In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with filter for hydrocarbon vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

None in normal use conditions.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements necessary, if handled at room temperature.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Colour : Yellow-brown.
Appearance : Clear liquid.

Molecular mass : Not applicable for mixtures
Odour : Slight odour of petroleum.

Odour threshold : There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Melting point : -15 °C (ASTM D 97)
Freezing point : Not determined
Boiling point : (ASTM D 1160)
Flammability : Not flammable

Explosive properties : None (according to composition).

Oxidising properties : None (according to composition).

Explosive limits :  $\geq$  45 g/m³ (Aerosol)

Lower explosive limit (LEL) : Not available

Upper explosive limit (UEL) : Not available

Flash point :  $\geq$  90 °C (ASTM D 93)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not determined

pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity, kinematic : 73 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 10,3 mm²/s (100 °C)

Solubility : Water: Immiscible and insoluble

Log Kow : Not available

Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures
Vapour pressure : ca 0,02 kPa (20 °C, EN 13016)

Vapour pressure at 50 °C : Not determined

Density :  $871 \text{ kg/m}^3 (15 \,^{\circ}\text{C}) (ASTM D 4052)$ 

Relative density : Not determined Relative vapour density at 20 °C : Not determined Particle size : Not applicable Particle size distribution : Not applicable Particle shape : Not applicable Particle aspect ratio : Not applicable : Not applicable Particle aggregation state : Not applicable Particle agglomeration state Particle specific surface area : Not applicable Particle dustiness : Not applicable

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#### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : Negligible.
Additional information : No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
LD50 oral rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≥ 5 mg/l/4h (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
ATE CLP (vapours)	5 mg/l/4h	
ATE (dust,mist)	5 mg/l/4h	

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Mineral base oil, severely refined	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
LD50 oral rat	5000 – 15000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401; ExxonMobil, 1989)
LD50 dermal rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402; CEPSA Quimica, 1989)
LD50 dermal rabbit	3160 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402; ExxonMobil, 1984)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	5000 – 11000 mg/m³ (OECD 403) (Read across: C11-C13, < 2% arom; ExxonMobil, 2005)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
	Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (API 1982, UBTL 1983 - OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rabbit	2000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (API 1982, UBTL 1984 - OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	3,9 – 5,3 mg/l/4h (Bio-Research Laboratories, Ltd. 1984 - OECD 403)

:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
	:	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

pH: Not applicable.

Additional information : (according to composition)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

pH: Not applicable.

Additional information : (according to composition)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

Contains a sensitizer (reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide tri-calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-

propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]). Amount contained in the product: 0,1 ÷ 0,99 % m/m

max.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

Carcinogenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract,

according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/male, 2 years)	138 mg/m³ (NOAEC - OECD 453) (Read across: Stoddard solvent; NTP, 2004)	
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/female, 2 years)	> 2200 mg/m³ (NOAEC - OECD 453) (Read across: Stoddard solvent; NTP, 2004)	

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)

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Aspiration hazard

Additional information

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Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics			
NOAEC (PO), Inhalation, rat, local	≥ 1720 mg/m³ (5 days/week, for 8 weeks, (OECD 421), (ExxonMobil 1980))		
Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)  Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)		
·	(according to composition)		
Mineral base oil, severely refined			
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)		
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkane	es, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD 408, Sasol, 1995 - ExxonMobil 1991)		
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	2200 – 10400 mg/l air (OECD 413 - OECD 453, National Toxicology Program 2006 - Shell, 1980)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)			
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)		
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)		
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)		
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav			
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)		
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)		
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (API 1982, Mobil Environmental and Health Science Laboratory 1983 - OECD 410)		
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)		

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T	
Viscosity, kinematic	73 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 10,3 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (100°C)

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

: Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

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#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms

Other information

: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect,Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.

: None

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

: According to the components, and by comparison with other products of the same type and composition, it is expected that this product has a toxicity for aquatic organisms > 100 mg/l, and must not be regarded as dangerous to the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.

Ecology - air

This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.

Ecology - water

This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term

(acute)

: Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

(chronic)

: Not classified

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
LC50 fish 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	

Mineral base oil, severely refined	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 1000 mg/l LL50, 72 h (Oncorhynchus mykiss, OECD 203) (QSAR, CONCAWE 2010)
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 1000 mg/l EL50, 48 h (OECD 202) (SRC, 1994)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	≥ 10000 mg/l LL50, 48 h (Chaetogammarus marinus, OECD 202) (TNO, 1991)
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 1000 mg/l EL50, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, OECD 201) (SRC, 1994)
NOEC (acute)	1000 mg/l NOELR, 72 h (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata, OECD 201) (SRC, 1994)

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NOEC chronic fish	0,173 mg/l (NOELR, 28d, QSAR, CONCAWE 2010)
NOEC chronic crustacea	1,22 mg/l (NOELR, 21d, QSAR, CONCAWE 2010)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

Mineral base oil, severely refined		
		The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "readily biodegradable".
Biodegradation	77 - 83 % 28 d (OECD 301 F) (Shell, 1997)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)

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# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T	
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
Log Pow	Not applicable (UVCB)
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
BCF fish 1	0,4 – 6280 l/kg
BCF fish 2	3,16 – 71100 l/kg
Log Pow	1,99 – 18,02
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
BCF fish 1	0,4 – 6280 l/kg		
BCF fish 2	sh 2 3,16 – 71100 l/kg		
Log Pow 1,99 – 18,02			
Log Kow Not applicable (UVCB)			
Bioaccumulative potential The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.			

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T	
Mobility in soil Not determined	
Ecology - soil No data available.	

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics			
Surface tension 24 – 29 mN/m (20°C)			
Log Koc 4,16 – 5,88			
Ecology - soil The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.			

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
Log Koc 1,71 – 14,7			
Ecology - soil The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.			

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
Log Koc 1,71 – 14,7			
Ecology - soil The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.			

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#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T			
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII			
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII			
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment  The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)			

Component		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Additional information

- : None
- : This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

- D 1 (1D 1 : 1' )
- Additional information

Ecology - waste materials EURAL code (EWC)

- : Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.
- : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
- European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05\* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.
- : Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.
- : The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.
- : 13 02 05\* Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID n	umber			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard	class(es)			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
None.				

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : None.

**Overland transport** 

Not regulated

Transport by sea

Not regulated

Air transport

Not regulated

Inland waterway transport

Not regulated

Rail transport

Not regulated

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

IBC code : None.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:				
Reference code	ference code Applicable on Entry title or description			
3(b)	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso- alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10		

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants

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#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

#### **France**

Maladies professionelles (F)		
Code	Description	
RG 36 Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin		

#### Germany

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) : WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1)

WGK remark : Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 12 - Non-combustible liquids

VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

**Netherlands** 

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-

dewaxed heavy paraffinic are listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-

: None of the components are listed

dewaxed heavy paraffinic are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – : None of the components are listed

Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

Denmark

Classification remarks : Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed

Danish National Regulations : Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product

Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:

reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide tri-calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenyl-phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide] Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes:			
Section	Changed item	Change	Notes
	Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties	Added	
	Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties	Added	
	Flammability (solid, gas)	Added	
	Comments	Modified	
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1.1	Trade name	Modified	

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1.1	Name	Modified	
2.2	EUH-statements	Modified	
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	
8.2	Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use)	Modified	
9.1	Oxidising properties	Modified	
9.1	Explosive properties	Modified	
9.1	Viscosity, kinematic	Modified	
9.1	Flash point	Modified	
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	Added	
12.4	Mobility in soil	Added	
12.4	Ecology - soil	Added	

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.
	N/A = Not applicable.
	N/D = Not available
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
	API = American Petroleum Institute
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	CSR = Chemical Safety Report
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	DMEL = Derived Minimum Effect Level
	EC50 = Effective Concentration, 50%
	EL50 = Effective Loading, 50 %
	EPA = Environmental Protection Agency
	IC50 = Inhibition Concentration, 50%
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration, 50%
	LD50 = Lethal Dose, 50%
	LL50 = Lethal Loading, 50%
	LOAEL = Low Observed Adverse Effects Level
	NOEL = No Observed Effects Level
	NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effects Level
	OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
	PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
	STOT = Single Target Organ Toxicity
	(STOT) RE = (Single Target Organ Toxicity) Repeated exposure
	(STOT) SE = (Single Target Organ Toxicity) Single exposure
	TLV®TWA = Threshold Limit Value® - Time-Weighted Average
	TLV®STEL = Threshold Limit Value® – Short Term Exposure Limit
	UVCB = Substance of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological
	materials
	vPvB = very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
	WAF = Water Accommodated Fraction

Data sources

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice

: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

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Other information

: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. ----. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitisation, Category 1
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
EUH208	Contains reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide tri-calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.