

### Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 13/03/2023 Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Mixture
Trade name	: Eni Acer 22
Product code	: 2160
Type of product	: Lubricants
Formula	: 0059-2016
Product group	: Trade product
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
1.2.1. Relevant identified uses	
Main use category	: Industrial use, Professional use
Industrial/Professional use spec	: Wide dispersive use
	Used in closed systems
Use of the substance/mixture	: Functional fluids
	Hydraulic oil
	Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.
Function or use category	: Hydraulic fluids and additives
1.2.2. Uses advised against	
No additional information available	

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)
	Poison centre (UK): National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24b)

Poison centre (UK): National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h) (+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements

: EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

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#### 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII Contains no PBT/vPvB substances  $\geq 0.1\%$  assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated(101316-72-7)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

#### Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (Main component, see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 101316-72-7 EC-No.: 309-877-7 EC Index-No.: 649-530-00-X REACH-no: 01-2119489969- 06	60 – 70	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (Component, see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64741-89-5 EC-No.: 265-091-3 EC Index-No.: 649-455-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119487067- 30	30 – 40	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Notes

: Note [\*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic. Note [\*\*]: substance with national workplace exposure limit(s)

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.
First-aid measures after eye contact	<ul> <li>Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.</li> </ul>
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is inconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects,	both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause a slight transient irritation. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.</li> </ul>
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause irritation, nausea and gastric disturbances. Taking into account the taste of the product, however, ingestion of dangerous quantites is very unlikely.
Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration Chronic symptoms	<ul><li>No information available.</li><li>None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.</li></ul>
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical at	tention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide). The casualty should be sent immediately to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Fire hazard	: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.	
Explosion hazard	: The vapours are flammable and may form explosive mixtures with air.	

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5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Shut off source of product, if possible. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). EN 443. EN 469. EN 659. In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Other information	: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release	measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protection	6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
General measures	Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel		
Protective equipment Emergency procedures	<ul> <li>See Section 8.</li> <li>Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.</li> </ul>	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.	
Emergency procedures	: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.	

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

For containment	: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.
Other information	: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

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### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. During transfer and mixing operations, ensure that all equipment is correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".
Handling temperature Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.</li> <li>Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke.</li> <li>Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.</li> </ul>
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.
Incompatible products	: Keep away from: strong oxidants.
Storage temperature Storage area	<ul> <li>This product can be stored at ambient temperatures.</li> <li>Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.</li> </ul>
Packages and containers:	: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
Packaging materials	: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits			
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits			
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
VLA-EC (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits			
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits			
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures			

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

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#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

#### No additional information available

#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Eni Acer 22	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, so	olvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
ong-term - systemic effects,oral 0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
PNEC (Oral)	· · · ·
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food
Note	: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational

an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

#### No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

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#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

#### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

#### **Respiratory protection:**

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols. In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with filter for hydrocarbon vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Onsite wastewater treatment required. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

Not applicable.

SECTION 0. Deviced and chamical properties		
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical ar	nd chemical properties	
Physical state Colour	: Liquid : Yellow-brown.	
Appearance Odour	: Liquid, bright & clear. : Slight odour of petroleum.	
Odour threshold Melting point	: Not determined : -30 °C (pour point) (ASTM D 97)	
Freezing point Boiling point	Not determined	
Flammability (solid, gas) Explosive properties	: Not flammable : Not explosive.	
Oxidising properties Explosive limits	: Not oxidising. : Not available	
Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit	Not determined	
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature	210 °C (ASTM D 92) Not determined	
Decomposition temperature pH	Not determined	
, Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic	: 22 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445) : Not determined	
Solubility Log Kow	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble : Not applicable for mixtures	
Log Pow	: Not applicable for mixtures	

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Vapour pressure at 50°C Density Relative density Relative vapour density at 20°C	<ul> <li>Not determined</li> <li>Not determined</li> <li>868 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)</li> <li>Not determined</li> <li>Not determined</li> <li>Not determined</li> </ul>
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable
9.2. Other information	

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard	l clas	sses
Critical temperature	:	Not applicable for mixtures

9.2.2.	Other	safety	characteristics

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Negligible.
Additional information	: No data available

SECTION	40. Ctabilit	y and reactivity
SECTION	IU. Stabill	v and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

#### **10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

#### **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

#### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidants.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce : Toxic fumes. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Acute toxicity (dermal)       :         Acute toxicity (inhalation)       :         Additional information       :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	pH: Not determined (according to composition)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
рН	Not applicable	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)	
рН	Not applicable	
Serious eye damage/irritation :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	pH: Not determined (according to composition)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
рН	Not applicable	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)	
рН	Not applicable	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	(according to composition)	
Germ cell mutagenicity : Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
Carcinogenicity :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	(according to composition)	
	This product contains : Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd, dewaxed,	
	hydrogenated; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by column extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists	
	solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists	
	predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C24	
	through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 16cSt to 75cSt at 40	
	°C (104 °F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified;	
	[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction	
	process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers	
	predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity	
	of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	
	this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the	
	criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product	
Denne destine terriste	must be regarded as non carcinogenic.	
Reproductive toxicity :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	(according to composition)	
STOT-single exposure :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	(according to composition)	
STOT-repeated exposure : Additional information :	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information :	(according to composition)	
	Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	

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Viscosity, kinematic	22 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)		
Viscosity, kinematic	13 – 14,5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)	
11.2. Information on other hazards		
11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties		
Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties	<ul> <li>The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %</li> </ul>	
11.2.2. Other information		
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation,Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause a slight transient irritation,Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist	
Other information	: None	

SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. Toxicity		
Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.	
Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.	
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Not classified	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Not classified	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solver	nt-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light	t paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Eni Acer 22		
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solver	nt-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	

Lubitating ons (peroleum), 024-00, solvent-extu., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101010-12-1)		
Persistence and degradability The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistence		
	particularly in anaerobic conditions.	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persisten particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Eni Acer 22		
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Eni Acer 22		
Ecology - soil	No data available.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
Eni Acer 22		
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria	a of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteri	a of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Component		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties		
Adverse effects on the environment caused by : endocrine disrupting properties	The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.	
12.7. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects : Additional information :	None. This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case,	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste treatment methods Sewage disposal recommendations	<ul> <li>Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.</li> <li>Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.</li> </ul>

purpose.

wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific

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Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.
Additional information	: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.
Ecology - waste materials EURAL code (EWC)	<ul> <li>The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.</li> <li>13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils</li> </ul>

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ADR	IMDG	G IATA ADN		RID
14.1. UN number or ID r	number			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated		Not regulated
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name	· · · ·	·	
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard	class(es)	·		
Not regulated	Not regulated         Not regulated         Not regulated         Not regulated			
14.4. Packing group	·		·	
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental haz	zards	· /		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions

: None.

#### **Overland transport**

Not regulated

Transport by sea Not regulated

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Air transport Not regulated

Inland waterway transport Not regulated

Rail transport

Not regulated

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

IBC code

: Not applicable.

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#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

#### **REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)**

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	ence code Applicable on Entry title or description	
3(b)	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic         Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard cl 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10	

#### **REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

#### **REACH Candidate List (SVHC)**

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

#### PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

#### **POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

#### Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

#### **Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

#### **Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

#### France

Maladies professionelles (F)			
Code	Description		
RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin		
Germany			
Employment restrictions	Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.		
National Rules and Recomm			
VbF class (D) Water hazard class (WGK)	: Not applicable. (D) : WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1).		

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WGK remark Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)	<ul> <li>Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS).</li> <li>LGK 12 - Non-combustible liquids.</li> <li>Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)</li> </ul>
Netherlands	
Saneringsinspanningen	: C - Minimize discharge
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	: None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	: None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding	: None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen –	: None of the components are listed
Vruchtbaarheid	
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling	: None of the components are listed
Denmark	
Danish National Regulations	: Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP] No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes			
Section Changed item Change Notes			
	First issue.		

Abbreviations	and acronyms:
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.
	N/D = not available
	N/A = not applicable
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

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Abbreviations and acronyms:		
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
РВТ	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

Data sources

Training advice

Other information

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.